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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/045,814	01/15/2002	Joseph M. Fukumoto	PD-01W023	3118
23915	7590 01/26/2004		EXAMINER	
	OCKET ADMINISTRA	LEE, JOHN D		
RAYTHEON P.O. BOX 902	SYSTEMS COMPANY 2 (E1/E150)	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
BLDG EI M S E150			2874	
EL SEGUNDO, CA 90245-0902			DATE MAILED: 01/26/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	<u> </u>	10/045,814	10/045,814 FUKUMOTO, JOSI	
	Office Action Summary	Examin r	Art Unit	
		John D. Lee	2874	
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this comm or Reply	unication appears on the cover's	heet with the correspondence ad	ddress
THE - External control	MORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU ensions of time may be available under the provision of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this core period for reply specified above is less than thirty Diperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply received by the Office later than three month ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b)	INICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however ommunication. y (30) days, a reply within the statutory minim o statutory period will apply and will expire SI: eply will, by statute, cause the application to b as after the mailing date of this communication.	er, may a reply be timely filed  num of thirty (30) days will be considered time  X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this of the come ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	dy. communication.
1)	Responsive to communication(s) to	filed on		
2a) <u></u>	This action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is non-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the pra-	on for allowance except for form ctice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 19	al matters, prosecution as to the 35 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	e merits is
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the	e application.		
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is	• •	ion.	
5)	Claim(s) 27 is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-6,11-19,22-26 and 28-	30 is/are rejected.		
7) 🖂	Claim(s) 7-10,20 and 21 is/are obj	jected to.		
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to rest	riction and/or election requirem	ent.	
Applicat	ion Papers		$\epsilon$	
9)	The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.		•
	The drawing(s) filed on 15 January		b)  objected to by the Examir	ier.
	Applicant may not request that any ob			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) includi	ng the correction is required if the	drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).
11)	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. Note the a	ttached Office Action or form P	ΓΟ-152.
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
a) * ₹ 13)	application from the Internat See the attached detailed Office act Acknowledgment is made of a claim ince a specific reference was includ 7 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign I	ty documents have been receively documents have been receivels of the priority documents have been receively of the priority documents have been but a list of the certified copin for domestic priority under 35 ded in the first sentence of the sanguage provisional application	ed. ed in Application No e been received in this National )). ies not received. U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional specification or in an Application has been received.	ll application) Data Sheet
14)( <u>X)</u> A	Acknowledgment is made of a claim eference was included in the first se	i for domestic priority under 35 entence of the specification or in	J.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since an Application Data Sheet. 37	a specific CFR 1.78.
Attachmen	t(s)			
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)		terview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(	
	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)		otice of Informal Patent Application (PTC her:	J-152)

The three (3) sheets of drawing filed with this application on January 15, 2002, are acceptable.

The specification is objected to because, on page 1, the Serial Number and filing date of the referenced copending U.S. Patent Application must be furnished. Also on page 1 of the specification, the reference to U.S. Patent Application Serial Number 09/478,229 should be updated to reflect that this is now U.S. Patent Number 6,344,920. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any other informalities that may be discovered during review of the specification.

The Abstract of the Disclosure is objected to because it is too long. The Examiner has counted 226 words, but the current Rules of Practice limit the Abstract to a maximum of 150 words. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 25, 29, and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. Claim 25 recites an invention wherein the fourth wavelength (the final converted output wavelength) is in the range of 4.0 to 4.8 microns. Such an invention, however, is not taught in the specification. All embodiments therein are directed to inventions having a fourth wavelength (the final converted output wavelength) in the range of 8 to 12 microns. The only recitation of the wavelength range of 4.0 to 4.8 microns is found in Table I, but this range is for

respect to prior art.

the signal wavelength, not the outputted fourth wavelength. Claims 29 and 30 recite inventions wherein the crystal producing a primary emission is *potassium titanyl arsenate*. It is noted, however, that the present application actually teaches away from the use of this material, teaching that the crystal should rather be rubidium titanyl arsenate. There is thus no enabling support for the use of potassium titanyl arsenate. These claims will not be further examined with

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 13, 14, 16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. In each of these four claims, there is no antecedent support for the use of the terms "said fifth wavelength" and "said sixth wavelength", thus rendering the claims indefinite. The dependencies of these claims should be revisited, inasmuch as the "fifth wavelength" was first recited in claim 7 and the "sixth wavelength" was first recited in claim 9 (with no prior claim reciting both a fifth wavelength and a sixth wavelength). The claims as presented therefore cannot be further examined with respect to prior art.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 5, 11, 12, 15, 18, 22-24, 26, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being anticipated by Chandra et al (Applied Physics Letters article submitted by applicant in

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the Information Disclosure Statement on October 14, 2003). Chandra et al discloses a tandem optical parametric oscillator arrangement for producing output optical radiation in the 8-12 micron wavelength range. The Chandra et al arrangement comprises first means (a KTP OPO) for shifting optical radiation received at 1.06 microns to a second wavelength of 1.57 microns, and outputting the shifted radiation to a third means (a AgGaSe<sub>2</sub> OPO) which then parametrically shifts the radiation to output radiation of a fourth wavelength in the 8-12 micron wavelength range. There is also a second means (first and second mirrors) disposed in functional alignment with the first means (KTP OPO) for enhancing the parametric conversion process therein. Although not explained in detail in the Chandra et al reference, the KTP OPO operates in typical three-wave OPO fashion, with the output thereof resulting from a secondary process induced by a primary process between two of the three waves within the parametric oscillator cavity. The mirrors are designed with the appropriate reflectivities to enhance, contain, and transmit the appropriate optical waves. Note that KTP is crystalline.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3, 6, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chandra et al (Applied Physics Letters article submitted by applicant in the Information Disclosure Statement on October 14, 2003). As noted in the rejection above, Chandra et al does not go into any detail regarding the parametric process within the KTP optical parametric oscillator. The mirror reflectivities for each of the pump, signal, and idler waves are therefore Application/Control Number: 10/045,814

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not 100% clear. The person of ordinary skill in the art, however, would have known to make the cavity mirrors highly reflective for oscillation of the wavelength emitted by the primary process which, in turn, generates the outputted second wavelength of 1.57 microns. This would have been an obvious consideration. Similarly, the precise reflectivity of the Gradient R mirror of Chandra et al (see FIG. 1) for the 1.57 microns wavelength is not given, but the person of ordinary skill in the art would obviously have understood it to be somewhere in the range of fifty percent. Finally, the cut of the KTP crystal in Chandra et al is not clear, but the use of an X-cut crystal would have been obvious since phase matching is critical therein.

Claim 27 is allowed. Chandra et al (the closest prior art of record) does not disclose or suggest the use of rubidium titanyl arsenate (RTA) as the first OPO crystal material.

Claims 7-10, 20, and 21 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. There is no indication that fifth and/or sixth wavelengths are additionally generated by the parametric process within the Chandra et al KTP optical parametric oscillator. Also, Chandra et al (the closest prior art of record) does not disclose or suggest the use of rubidium titanyl arsenate (RTA) as the first OPO crystal material.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The two (2) cited U.S. Patents to Fukumoto correspond to the two (2) PCT Publications cited by the International Examiner (see the Information Disclosure Statement filed on October 14, 2003). Other tandem arrangements for optical nonlinear crystals, including tandem optical parametric oscillators, can be seen in the cited U.S. Patents to Komine and Moulton, and in the cited IEEE J.Q.E. publication by Moore et al.

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All of the prior art documents submitted by applicant in the Information Disclosure

Statements filed on January 15, 2002, and October 14, 2003, have been considered and made of

record. Note the attached initialed copy of forms PTO-1449.

Any inquiry concerning the merits of this communication should be directed to Examiner

John D. Lee at telephone number (571) 272-2351. The Examiner's normal work schedule is

Tuesday through Friday, 6:30 AM to 5:00 PM. Any inquiry of a general or clerical nature (i.e. a

request for a missing form or paper, etc.) should be directed to the Technology Center 2800

receptionist at telephone number (703) 308-0956, to the technical support staff supervisor (Team

2) at telephone number (703) 308-3072, or to the Technology Center 2800 Customer Service

Office at telephone number (703) 306-3329.

Primary Patent Examiner

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